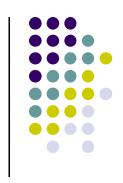
# CS 525M Mobile and Ubiquitous Computing: The Wi-Fi Privacy Ticker: Improving Awareness & Control of Personal Information Exposure on Wi-Fi

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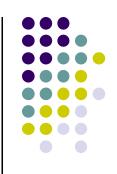






- Problem: Unaware of the risk while using Wi-Fi
- What this paper aims:
  - Improve their awareness
  - Provide with control—Wi-Fi privacy ticker
    - Display + prevent transmission
- To verify: 3-week field study with 17 participants





- Public Wi-Fi hotspots which provide little protection
- Provide personal info to use web services
- Freely available tools for eavesdropping





- Understanding & behavior on Wi-Fi
- Technologies to improve awareness & control
- Commercial solutions





#### Workflow

- User provides terms to monitor;
- System monitors network traffic when using Wi-Fi
- When it detects that any term is being sent or received in the clear, it is shown on a peripheral "ticker" display and added to an archive
- User-control



#### • The Network Monitor

- Hook NtDeviceIoControlFile—handle network-related requests
- For 3-week field study—Internet Explorer and Firefox browsers



#### The Control Mechanism—Zapper

- Implemented in Windows kernel
- Close socket device handle when it detects a highly sensitive term in the socket's "send" buffer
- Drops connection



 To indicate a "zapped" term, the term appears in Ticker display with a strikethrough and a balloon tip appears in system tray



Cannot prevent terms from being received in the clear



#### The Ticker Display

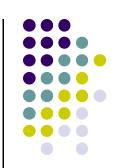
- Real-time alerts of potential data exposures
- Scrolling text that moves from right to left
- Implemented by .NET Windows Presentation Foundation

#### Terms:

- Watch List terms—user specifies (a sensitivity level, displayed name)
- search terms
- Color reflects term's sensitivity level
- Rules to prioritize display of terms:
  - First detected, first appear (sensitivity level> detection order)
  - time-out of *Ticker display's* queue—90 seconds



- 'out' / 'in', times, IP of the server and other details
- Network encryption
  - Open or Closed Network—bright shade
  - Secure Network or VPN—darker shade

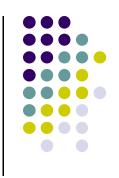






#### • The Archive

- Review past exposures
- Any detected Watch List terms including which were dropped from the queue for time-out reasons



# Considerations for Protecting Users' Data

- User's Preferences are password-protected
- Particularly sensitive term types are never shown in the clear
- Database in which system stores user's terms remains encrypted





- Study Procedure & Data Collection
  - Survey + data logs
- Participants
  - chosen from company
  - have option of using a VPN



# Participants' Watch Lists

• 186 unique *Watch List* terms

	# of	# of Terms	# of Terms per Sensitivity Level			
Term Type	Participants	per Type	High	Med	Low	
Email address	17	28	1	13	14	
Password	16	30	19	9	2	
Social Security #	14	14	10	10 3		
Street address	13	15	2	7	6	
Birth date	12	13	3 5		5	
ZIP Code	12	14	0	1	13	
Last name	11	11	0	5	6	
First name	10	16	0 2		14	
Username	9	13	2	4	7	
Credit Card #	6	11	5	6	0	





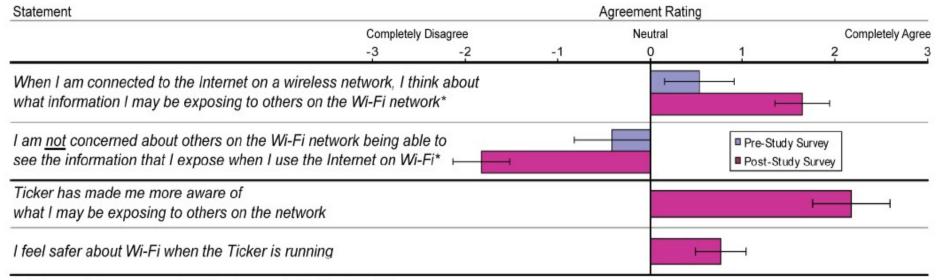
#### Watch List Term Exposure

- Average of 1,054
   unique search terms
   were detected for each
   participant
- Personal data was transmitted with high frequency
- Many websites sent personal data in the clear

		Watch List term types matched						
Site	% of Total Matches (out of the 353 sites observed)	Email Address	First Name	Last Name	Password	Street Address	Username	ZIP Code
Web search & portal	22.39%	•	•	•		•	•	•
Social networking	21.07%	•	•	•	•	•		
Sports	16.66%	•	•					
Newspaper	6.41%	•						
Company	3.81%		•	•			•	
Airline	2.83%		•	•				
eCommerce (apparel)	2.53%	•	•	•				
eCommerce (technology)	2.09%		•	•				
Manufacturer	1.35%	•	•	•				
Auction	1.34%		•		•		•	•



#### Change in Awareness



<sup>\* -</sup> Difference between pre- and post-study surveys is significant (p<.01)

- Pay attention to network encryption
- Form more accurate mental models of the circumstances in which data get transmitted
- Positive to Zapper



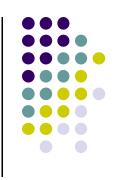
# Change in Behavior

- ≠long-term behavior change
- Upgrade encryption of home wireless network
- Start using VPN
- More careful about types of networks
- Not stay logged in
- Close browser windows more frequently
- Educate friends



# **Discussion & Future Work**

- Improve the Control Mechanism
  - pop up a window to ask if dropping connection or proceeding
  - rule-based systems



# Extend the Ticker Concept

- Detect transmitting of personal data which is not in Watch List
- Monitor additional applications
- Develop system used by parents to monitor and keep children safe on the Internet
- Change or augment user experience



#### Provide Education

- Educate users about phishing attacks by PhishGuru and Anti-Phishing Phil
- Making suggestions based on user's activities



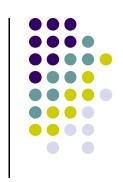


- Wi-Fi Privacy Ticker
- How to help users become more aware of the unencrypted transmission of terms and how to prevent
- Three-week field study with 17 participants verified that participants' awareness improved and their behavior on Wi-Fi changed



#### References

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# Thanks! Questions?