WPI

CURIOUS BROWSERS: Automated Gathering of Implicit Interest Indicators by an Instrumented Browser

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The User's Intentions

- Intelligent interfaces should understand the intentions of the user.
 - e.g., by interpreting sequences of observable actions.
- Recommender systems require knowledge of user interests.
- Can we understand the "interest" the user has in some information?
 - → e.g., in a web page.
- □ Can low level actions indicate interest?
 - → e.g., mouse movement, scrolling, ...

- □ User explicitly rates information.
 - ➡ Common & fairly precise.
- Can interrupt normal patterns of reading or action.
- Users may tire of providing them.
 ...and...
- Users need to be convinced of the benefit in order to make the effort.
 ...but...
- Many ratings are needed before Collaborative Filtering can provide accurate predictions.

Implicit Ratings

- Not obtained directly from user.
 - ➡ i.e., some inference needed.
- Removes cost of obtaining explicit rating.
- Every interaction could potentially contribute.
- □ Can be gathered at little/no cost.
- May be less accurate.
- Can combine many implicit ratings.
- □ Can combine with explicit ratings.

Research Overview

- Objective is to collect, measure, and evaluate the predictive power of **Implicit Interest Indicators** (i.e., of implicit ratings).
- Focused on prediction for single web page using a single indicator at a time.
- Developed web browser, The Curious Browser, that captured low level user actions.
- Used browser in 1st user study of about 80 people browsing 2,500 web pages.
- Used browser in 2nd user study of about 80 people browsing 1,000 web pages.

Dimension of Interest



Categorizing Indicators



- □ *Explicit:* user selects from scale.
- □ *Marking:* bookmark, save, print, ...
- Manipulation: cut/paste, scroll, search, ...
- Navigation: follow link, read page, ...
- **External:** eye movement, heart rate, ...
- *Repetition:* repeated visits, ...
- □ *Negative:* not following a link, ...

The Curious Browser

□ Familiar GUI.

- Captures mouse and keyboard actions, and times, to a database, for each page and user.
- Used Visual Basic, with Internet Explorer version 5.0 html layout engine.

Browser Interface



<In color>

Evaluation Window

http://www.wpi.edu/	
How interesting is this page?	
Most	
	0
	0
	0
	0
	0
Least	Submit
	No Comment

- Prompts user for an Explicit Rating when leaving a web page.
- "No Comment" is default.

Activities Captured (1st expt)

- □ Mouse:
 - ➡ Number of clicks.
 - → Time spent moving cursor.
- ☐ Scrollbar:
 - Clicks on scroll bars.
 - → Time spent Scrolling.
- □ Keyboard:
 - → Page Up/Down.
 - → Up/Down Arrow.
 - → Time spent holding down key.
- Rating:
 - → Explicit.

- Browser installed on about 40 PCs running Windows 98 in two WPI Labs for about 2 weeks.
- Users told to use it for "browsing", with no additional task instructions.
- Users were not told the purpose of the experiments.

Explicit Rating Histogram



- □ 80% of URLs were rated.
- □ Mean explicit rating was 3.3

- □ Filtered extreme outliers
 - → (e.g., >20 minutes).
- Examined Explicit Rating vs. Indicator.
- ☐ Kruskal-Wallis test:
 - → the degree of independence of the medians for each rating.
- Box plots:
 - line shows median.
 - \rightarrow shows 25% to 75% quartiles.

Time on Page



The time spent on a page vs. The explicit rating

median values different.

appears to be a good interest indicator.

Number of Mouse Clicks

The number of the mouse clicks vs. The explicit rating



- median values not different.
- appears not to be an interest indicator.

Combined Scrolling Time



median values different.

J appears to be a good interest indicator.

- □ Assume explicit rating is accurate.
- Assume a "false" prediction is off by >2 wrt explicit interest value.
- Considering only "true" predictions, time and scrolling each provide about 70% accuracy.
- In our experiment, explicit rating provided 80% accurate coverage, while implicit interest indicators could provide about 70% accurate coverage.

Activities Captured (2nd expt)

In addition to those from the 1st expt:

- Mouse wheel activity.
- □ Status bar changes.
- □ Size of html file.
- User's self-declared familiarity with the page.
- □ Trace of mouse coordinates.
 - extracted vertical movements
 - extracted horizontal movements

Results of 2nd Experiment

Informal observation that cursor movements formed patterns that might provide indication of interest.

e.g., text following

- □ SAS Genmod procedure used.
- Horizontal movements correlate quite well with explicit interest.
- Total number of horizontal plus vertical movements correlate well with explicit interest.
- No other indicators were significant in this experiment, but visually...

Time on page Time on mouse No. of status bar changes

Contributions

- **o** correlated with explicit interest:
 - → time spent on page.
 - → amount of scrolling.
 - mouse movement
- not well correlated with explicit interest:
 - number of mouse clicks
- categories of implicit indicators.
- □ the Curious Browser itself.
- the dataset from the user experiments.

- Combinations of Interest Indicators:
 - → e.g., time spent + amount of scrolling.
- General and personal interest prediction functions.
- Task dependent interpretation of Interest Indicators.
- Task determination from Interest Indicators.
- Additional Interest Indicators:
 - ➡ e.g., bookmarking, printing,...