

Name: _____

CS3733 Final Exam

1. [4 pt] Which form of coupling is better and why? **Common Coupling** or **Data Coupling**?

2. [12 pt] An infinite loop occurs when a computer program enters a loop and cannot exit; when this happens, the user must terminate the program.
 - (a) Can you use Black Box Testing to detect an infinite loop in a program? Why?

 - (b) Can you use White Box Testing to detect an infinite loop in a program? Why?

3. [8 pt] Maintenance and Development are both affected by reuse. Which shows the greater improvement as the percentage of reuse increases and why?

4. [12 pt] What are three common forms of maintenance?
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)

5. [12 pt] How is maintenance different in the following life cycle models?
 - (a) Waterfall

 - (b) Recursive/Parallel

6. [12 pt] What form of coupling exists in this pseudo-code example and how would you fix it?

Display	MiniCalc
MainLoop()	Compute (int a, int b, char op)

```
// Users enter two integers, x and y, and an operation
// ("+", "-", "*", "/"). It calculates the expression
// "x op y". For example, "2", "3", "*" will print 6.
Display::MainLoop()
{
    mc = new MiniCalc
    while (true)
    {
        print "Enter 2 numbers and an operation"
        x = read integer
        y = read integer
        op = read char    // one of "+", "-", "*", "/"
        value = mc->Compute (x, y, op)

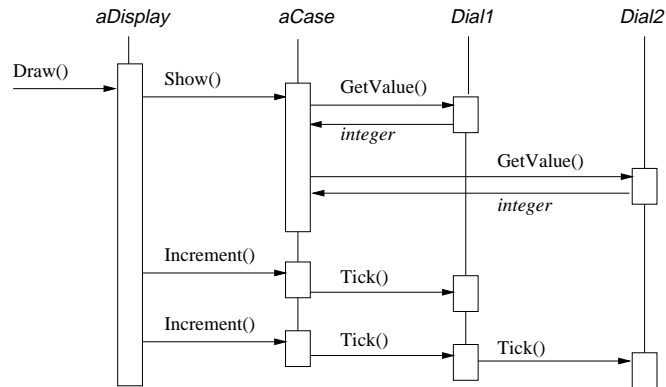
        if (value == -97531)
            print "Division by zero."
        else if (value == -13579)
            print "Unknown operation."
        else
            print value
    }
}
```

```
// Perform Calculation
MiniCalc::Compute(int a, int b, char op)
{
    switch (op)
    {
        case "+": return (a+b)
        case "-": return (a-b)
        case "*": return (a*b)
        case "/":
            if (b == 0)
                return (-97531)
            else
                return (a/b)
    }
    return (-13579)
}
```

7. [0 pt] Dilbert cartoon.

8. [8 pt] What is the difference between Bottom-Up testing and Top-Down testing?

9. [20 pt] Given the following object interaction diagram, fill in the CRC diagrams for the classes **Display**, **Case**, **Dial**.



10. [12 pt] Match concepts with definitions

- (1) The process of locating the exact cause of a fault and correcting it.
- (2) The degree of interaction within a module or object.
- (3) The process of detecting a fault but not the reason for the fault.
- (4) The degree of interaction between two modules or objects.

- (a) Coupling —
- (b) Cohesion —
- (c) Debugging —
- (d) Testing —