

CS 2301
Sample Exam 1

1. (20 points) A C program makes the following declarations:

```
int i = 27;  
int j = 6;  
int k;  
float f = 27.0;  
float g;
```

- (a) If the program executes this statement:

```
k = i / j;
```

what would be the value of the variable **k**?

- (b) If the program executes this statement:

```
k = i % j;
```

what would be the value of the variable **k**?

- (c) If the program executes this statement:

```
g = i / j;
```

what would be the value of the variable **g**?

- (d) If the program executes this statement:

```
k = f / j;
```

what would be the value of the variable **k**?

2. (15 points) Write an if-statement that does the same thing as the following switch statement

```
switch (grade)
{
    case 'A':
        account++;
        printf ("honors\n");
        break;

    case 'B':
        bcount++;
        break;

    case 'C':
        ccount++;
        break;

    default:
        NRcount++;
        printf ("no credit\n");
}
```

3. (15 points) Write a *recursive* C function called `countUp` that prints the numbers in a range of integers. For example, a call to the function

```
countUp(5,9);
```

would display the output

```
56789
```

and a call

```
countUp(3,3);
```

would display

```
3
```

Here are the pre- and post-conditions for the function:

PRE: start and end are positive ints, start <= end

POST: all the integers in the range start...end have been displayed on the terminal

4. (25 points) In this problem you will design a function that determines the amount of the bill for a meal in a restaurant. First, a subtotal is calculated by adding an 8% tax to the cost of the meal. If there are 8 or more people in the party, a tip of 15% of the subtotal is then added to the bill. Design your function in four steps:
- (a) Draw a black box for the function, showing input arrows and output arrows as we did in class. Name the function *mealCost*.
 - (b) Define a prototype for the function.
 - (c) Write the function as a stub.
 - (d) Write the complete function (function header and function body).

5. (25 points) An array named `numStars` is declared and initialized with these statements:

```
int numStars[5];
int i;

printf ("Enter the number of stars you want in each row: ");
for ( i=0; i < 5; i++)
    scanf ("%d", &numStars[i]);
```

In this problem, you will write the C code that displays a histogram of stars. The number of stars that are printed for each row are contained in the array `numStars`. So if the values in the array are 2, 9, 1, 6, and 5, the histogram you would print out would look like this:

```
**
*****
*
*****
*****
```

- (a) (10 points) First, write a for-loop that will execute 5 times (because there are 5 elements in the array `numStars`). Each time through the loop, you should print out a newline character.
- (b) (15 points) Now re-write your loop from part (a), adding the statements that will produce the histogram based on the values in the array `numStars`.