

Natural Deduction: Making Proofs Explicit

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Today's Goal

Proofs are computational objects.
We want to show their computational content
explicitly in our formal system.

Conjunction Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi \quad \Gamma \vdash t : \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \langle s, t \rangle : \varphi \wedge \psi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi \wedge \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fst}(s) : \varphi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi \wedge \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \text{scd}(s) : \psi}$$

Axiom and Bottom

$$\frac{}{\Gamma, x:\varphi \vdash x:\varphi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \varphi}$$

A Derivation

$$\frac{\frac{x: p \wedge q \vdash x: p \wedge q}{x: p \wedge q \vdash \text{fst}(x): p}}{\vdash \text{function } x \mapsto \text{fst}(x): (p \wedge q) \rightarrow p}$$

We write this function:

$$\lambda x . \text{fst}(x)$$

Lambda and Functions

- What's the derivative of $3xy^2$?

- ▶ With respect to y , its derivative is $6xy$
- ▶ So if $x = 2$, that's the function $12y$

$$\begin{aligned}D(\lambda y . 3xy^2) \\ &= \lambda y . 6xy \\ &= \lambda y . 12y\end{aligned}$$

- But:

- ▶ With respect to x , its derivative is $3y^2$
- ▶ So if $y = 3$, that's the function whose value is always 27

$$\begin{aligned}D(\lambda x . 3xy^2) \\ &= \lambda x . 3y^2 \\ &= \lambda x . 27\end{aligned}$$

A Derivation

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{x: p \wedge q \vdash x: p \wedge q}}{x: p \wedge q \vdash \text{fst}(x): p}}{\vdash \lambda x. \text{fst}(x): (p \wedge q) \rightarrow p}$$

Implication Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma, x: \varphi \vdash s: \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. s: \varphi \rightarrow \psi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s: \varphi \rightarrow \psi \quad \Gamma \vdash t: \varphi}{\Gamma \vdash (st): \psi}$$

A Proof of an Implication is a Function

from proofs of the hypothesis

to proofs of the conclusion

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ d_1 \\ \vdots \\ \Gamma, x: \varphi \vdash s: \psi \end{array}}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. s: \varphi \rightarrow \psi} \quad \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ d_2 \\ \vdots \\ \Gamma \vdash t: \varphi \end{array}}{\Gamma \vdash s[t/x]: \psi}$$

Disjunction Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \text{lft}, s \rangle : \varphi \vee \psi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \text{rgt}, s \rangle : \varphi \vee \psi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi \vee \psi \quad \Gamma, x : \varphi \vdash t : \chi \quad \Gamma, y : \psi \vdash r : \chi}{\Gamma \vdash \text{cases}(s, \lambda x . t, \lambda y . r) : \chi}$$

Another Derivation

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{}{x: p \wedge q \vdash x: p \wedge q}}{x: p \wedge q \vdash \text{fst}(x): p}}{x: p \wedge q \vdash \langle \text{lft}, \text{fst}(x) \rangle: p \vee q}}{\lambda x. \langle \text{lft}, \text{fst}(x) \rangle: (p \wedge q) \rightarrow (p \vee q)}$$

Axiom and Bottom

$$\frac{}{\Gamma, x: \varphi \vdash x: \varphi} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash x: \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \text{emp}(x): \varphi}$$

The Wishful Thinking Rule

Wishful Thinking

What about $\text{fst}(x)$?

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{}{x: p \wedge q \vdash x: p \wedge q}}{x: p \wedge q \vdash \text{fst}(x): p}}{x: p \wedge q \vdash \langle \text{lft}, \text{fst}(x) \rangle: p \vee q}}{\lambda x. \langle \text{lft}, \text{fst}(x) \rangle: (p \wedge q) \rightarrow (p \vee q)}$$

This is like typechecking

Propositions as types

- A proposition is a type
- A proof (“construction”) is an object of that type
- The rules must ensure:
 - if a value s can be bound to a variable x
 - and x occurs in an elimination context, e.g. $\text{fst}(x)$
 - then s permits that operation, e.g. $s = \langle t_1, t_2 \rangle$

What are

- ▶ *the computational rules for manipulating these objects?*
- ▶ *the properties ensured by those rules?*

Proof objects of λ_{ip}

$$\begin{array}{l} s ::= v \mid \langle s, s' \rangle \\ \quad \mid \langle \text{lft}, s \rangle \mid \langle \text{rgt}, s \rangle \mid \lambda v . s \\ \quad \mid \text{fst}(s) \mid \text{scd}(s) \mid \text{cases}(s, t, r) \mid ss' \\ v ::= x \mid \dots \end{array}$$

The Resulting Rules: Conjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi \quad \Gamma \vdash t : \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \langle s, t \rangle : \varphi \wedge \psi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi \wedge \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fst}(s) : \varphi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi \wedge \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \text{scd}(s) : \psi}$$

The Resulting Rules: Implication

$$\frac{\Gamma, x: \varphi \vdash s: \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. s: \varphi \rightarrow \psi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s: \varphi \rightarrow \psi \quad \Gamma \vdash t: \varphi}{\Gamma \vdash (st): \psi}$$

The Resulting Rules: Disjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \text{lft}, s \rangle : \varphi \vee \psi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \text{rgt}, s \rangle : \varphi \vee \psi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \varphi \vee \psi \quad \Gamma, x : \varphi \vdash t : \chi \quad \Gamma, y : \psi \vdash r : \chi}{\Gamma \vdash \text{cases}(s, \lambda x . t, \lambda y . r) : \chi}$$

The Resulting Rules: Axiom and Falsehood

$$\frac{}{\Gamma, x: \varphi \vdash x: \varphi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash x: \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \text{emp}(x): \varphi}$$